Planning Information for New Development/Redevelopment LID Projects (In Accordance with Chapter 13.08 of City of Palos Verdes Estates Municipal Code)

General Project In	formation
Darl - All	
Project Address	5
Parcel IE	
Zoning/Use Code	
Project Developer	
Project Owner	
Owner Phone	
Owner address	5
Owner email	
Site acreage	
Project acreage/disturbed area (may be less than site acreage for	
redevelopment projects)
Existing hydrologically connected ¹ impervious area (ft ²)	
Planned impervious surface area for the project (ft ²))
(includes building footprint as well as impervious driveways,	
patios, sport courts, etc.)	
Planned hydrologically connected impervious surface area for the	
_	
Planned populous surface area for the project (ft²)	
Planned pervious surface area for the project (ft²) State WDID No.	}
if subject to Construction General Permit)	
Runoff Calculations fo	
85th percentile, 24-hour storm (inches)	
Project design storm (inches)	
(Greater of 85th percentile, 24-hour storm and 0.75)	
Storm Water Quality Design volume (ft³)	
Percent of design storm to be retained on site	
Biofiltration BMPs being used ? (Yes/No)	
Biofiltration 8MP Treatment Volume	
(1.5 times the SWQDv not reliably retained on site)	
If offsite mitigation measures will be used, the fo	
Design volume for water quality mitigation treatment BMPs (ft ³)	
If flow-through water quality treatment BMPs are approved,	
provide the 1-year, 1-hour storm intensity (inches per hour)	
Percent of design storm volume to be infiltrated at off-site	
mitigation site	
Percent of design storm to be treated with biofiltration at off-site	
retrofit	
Name/address of off-site mitigation or retrofit sites	
GIS coordinates for off-site mitigation project	
BMP Specifica	tions
Permanent Structural BMP ID	DMD A
[provide additional columns for BMPs as necessary]	ВМР А
Structural 8MP Type and Description	
BMP Location on Site (Coordinates)	
BMP Location Description (or attach map)	
BMP Design Capture Volume (ft ³)	j l

^{*}Attach BMP design plans/specs

¹ To be hydrologically connected, an impervious surface area must be connected offsite via a hardened conveyance (e.g., pipe, drain, other impervious surface, etc.). As an example, if a roof downspout discharges to the street (whether directly or indirectly via an impervious driveway, for example), the roof area draining to the downspout is considered a hydrologically connected impervious area. On the other hand, if the same downspout discharges to a pervious area (e.g., a lawn or garden), the roof area draining to the downspout is not be considered a hydrologically connected impervious area.